# Word 2010: Using the Accessibility Checker

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## Introduction

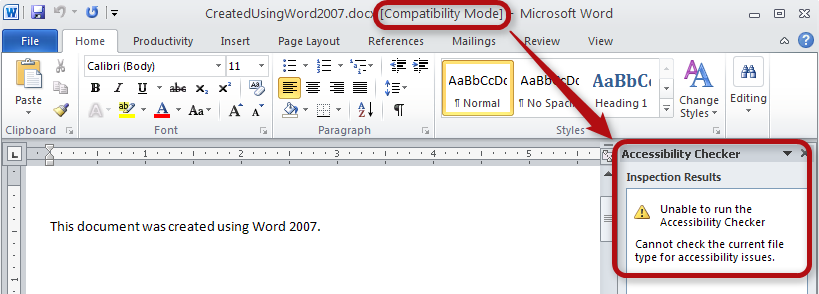
This module provides an introduction to the Office 2010 Accessibility Checker tool. We will look at what the accessibility checker is, how to use it, and what it can and cannot do for you.

## What is the Accessibility Checker?

The checker assists with finding accessibility errors in Word, PowerPoint, and Excel.

Although the checker can find a variety of issues, it cannot find every possible error. If you get a clean bill from the accessibility checker, you still need to follow the rules for creating accessible Office files. The other modules in this training series give you more information on how to create accessible documents.

## The Checker Only Works With Office 2010 Format



Here we are editing a Word document that was created using Office 2007. You can see the words "Compatibility Mode" next to the file name.

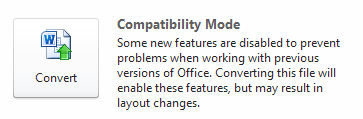
When we run the accessibility checker, the message in the Inspection Results area tells us that it "cannot check the current file type for accessibility issues."

The checker works on documents that are created or saved using Office 2010 format. If you open a Word document and you see "Compatibility Mode" written next to the file name at the top of the window, you will need to convert the document to Word 2010 format before you can use the accessibility checker.

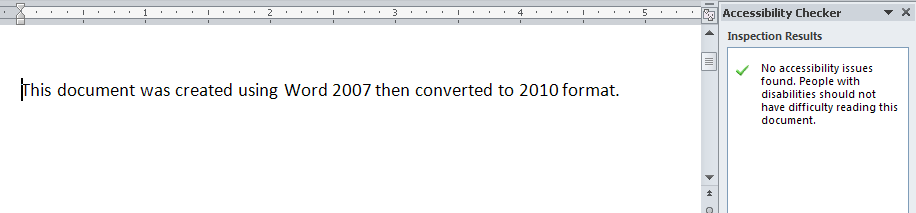
### Converting an Older Document to 2010 Format

One way to convert an older document to Word 2010 format is to use the Save As function to save the document into the new file format.

Word also provides another way to do this: the Convert option found on the **File** tab. Open the File tab and select Info on the left sidebar. You will see a Compatibility Mode section that contains a big button labeled “Convert.” Select that button to convert your document. If you are using the keyboard, press **Alt, F**, **I**, **K** to select the convert option.

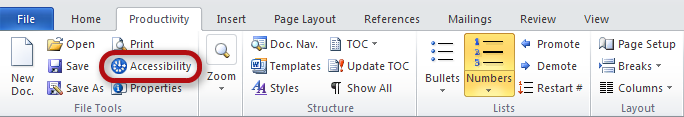


After you convert the file, you can see the checker now works. In this case, the Inspection Results show that no accessibility issues were found.



## Open the Checker

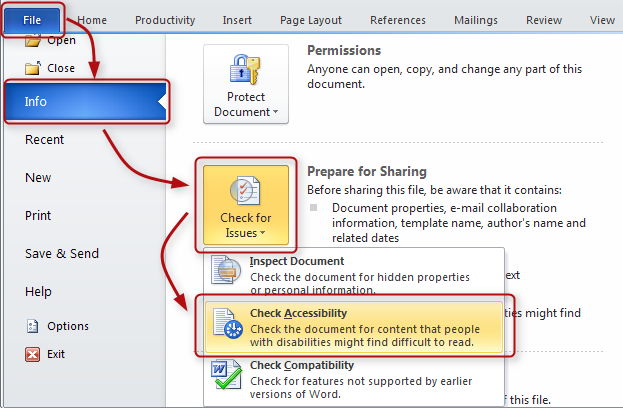
The easiest place to find the checker is in the Word 2010 Productivity (or Accessibility) Ribbon in the File Tools section. If you are using the keyboard, you can open the checker by pressing **Alt**, **Y1**, **Y8**. (This keyboard shortcut might be different if you have more than one custom ribbon on your system.)



Select the **Accessibility** option, and the task pane displays on the right-hand side of the Word window.

### If the Productivity Ribbon is Not Available

If you don't have the Productivity ribbon installed, or if you are editing a PowerPoint or Excel file, here's how you can find the checker.



1. First, click on the **File** tab in the ribbon.
2. Next, make sure the **Info** page is selected in the left sidebar. In the main information area, find the section called "Prepare for Sharing."
3. Click on the **Check for Issues** button, and then select **Check Accessibility** from the resulting dropdown box.

To open the checker using the keyboard, press **Alt, F**, **I**, **I**, **A**.

## Using the Checker

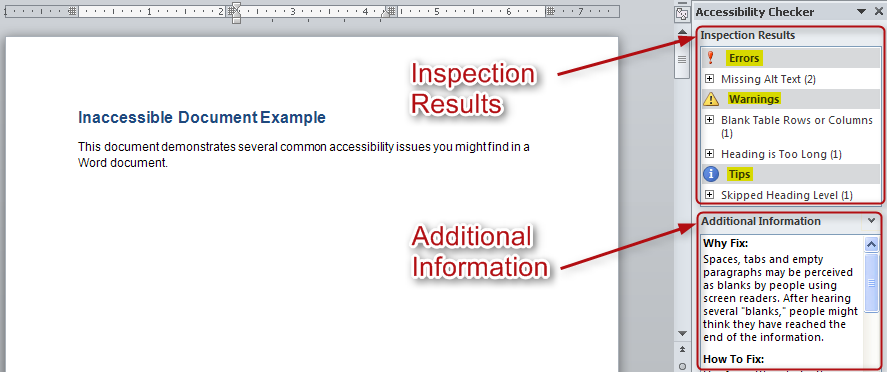
This example shows how to use the checker using a file that contains a number of common accessibility errors.

When you activate the checker, it presents a list of all the issues it finds. As you make changes in the document, Word automatically updates the list.

### The Accessibility Checker Task Pane

The task pane is divided into two sections: Inspection Results and Additional Information. If you are using the keyboard, you can navigate to the Accessibility Checker Task Pane using the **F6** key.

The Inspection Results section shows the list of accessibility issues found in the document. If you click on an issue, the Additional Information section gives you details on why this is a problem and tips on how to fix it.



To hide the Additional Information section, click the down-arrow to the right of the Additional Information label. This lets you see more of the Inspection Results, which are divided into three categories:

* **Errors** are the most serious problems. They indicate content that people with disabilities are unable to read,
* **Warnings** indicate content that people will find difficult to read, and
* **Tips** indicate content that people might find difficult to read.

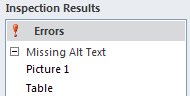
### Do You Have To Fix All of the Problems?

You should correct all of the issues listed, if possible. If you have any questions, ask your local accessibility specialist.

## Alt Text Example

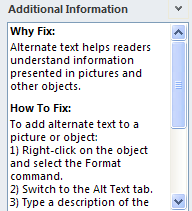
Now that the checker has given you a list of issues, what do you do? Let's look at an error listed by the checker.

Notice that the issues are listed in categories. The first category in our list is Missing Alt Text. Alt text must be provided for any element that cannot be fully described by a screen reader. In this example, two elements in the document are missing Alt Text: Picture1 and a table.



To find the error in the document, click on an element in the error list. Word will move to the place in the document where the error was found. By clicking on Picture 1, the picture moves to the top of the window.

If you are unsure how to fix the error, remember that the checker also provides more information. If the Additional Information area is not visible, click on the up-arrow character next to the Additional Information heading at the bottom of the task pane. The additional information not only explains why the problem should be fixed, but also how to fix it.



If you would like to learn more about alt text for images, you can review the Word module, How to make Figures Accessible, in this training series.

After you fill in the Alt Text, notice that the error has disappeared from the Inspection Results, letting you move on to the next error.

## Excel and PowerPoint

We have been using Microsoft Word to demonstrate the accessibility checker, but the checkers in PowerPoint and Excel work exactly the same way. Just as with Word, additional information is provided to help you correct any errors that are listed.

## Conclusion

In this module you have learned that Office 2010 provides an accessibility checker to help you find accessibility issues in your Microsoft Word, Excel, and PowerPoint files.

The checker not only provides a list of potential accessibility errors, but also gives you hints on how to correct the problems. However, it cannot find every possible problem in your Office document. Use other tools such as the Document Navigation tool to help you determine if there are styling issues that were not found by the checker.

If you use these tools and follow the basic rules you have learned for creating accessible Office documents, your documents will be usable by the widest possible audience.

This concludes our module on Using the Microsoft Office 2010 Accessibility Checker.