GOVERNOR'S BROADBAND DEVELOPMENT COUNCIL

Minutes of June 14, 2022 Meeting

Videoconference Meeting

2:00 PM

VIDEOCONFERENCE MEETING

GOVERNOR'S BROADBAND DEVELOPMENT COUNCIL MEMBERS IN ATTENDANCE:

Judge Marty Lucke (Chair), Jennifer K. Harris (Vice Chair), Juli A. Blanda, James M. "Mike" Easley, Steven E. "Steve" Johnson Ph.D., Akbar Kara, Thomas J. "Tom" Kim M.D., Lindsey A. Lee, Kirk Petty, Joseph G. "Greg" Pittman, Edward "Kenny" Scudder, Hatch Smith Jr., William "Bill" Sproull, Greg Conte

STAFF IN ATTENDANCE:

Adriana Cruz, Larry McManus, Lindsey Aston, Sonia Gaillard

The Governor's Broadband Development Council ("Council") proceeded on posted agenda items in the order as follows:

Agenda Item I. CALL TO ORDER

Judge Marty Lucke, Chairman of the Council, called the meeting to order at 2:08 P.M.

Agenda Item II. CHAIR WELCOME, REMARKS AND ROLL CALL

Recognized the roll was called and members present are listed.

Agenda Item III. COUNCIL MEMBER UPDATES

Chair Lucke acknowledged the return of Council Member Greg Pittman.

Agenda Item IV. DISCUSSION AND POSSIBLE ACTION ON APPROVAL OF MINUTES FROM THE

COUNCIL MEETING ON APRIL 29, 2022 (DRAFT AVAILABLE AT

HTTPS://GOV.TEXAS.GOV/BUSINESS/PAGE/GOVERNORS-BROADBAND-

DEVELOPMENT-COUNCIL)

Action: Council Member Bill Sproull moved to approve the minutes from the Council meeting on April 29, 2022.

The motion was seconded by Kirk Petty.

The motion carried unanimously.

Agenda Item V.

COMMENTS BY RUSS HANSER, DIRECTOR OF COMMUNICATIONS POLICY INITIATIVES, NATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND INFORMATION ADMINISTRATION (NTIA), PROVIDING INFORMATION RELATING TO THE NTIA'S BROADBAND EQUITY, ACCESS, AND DEPLOYMENT PROGRAM; ENABLING MIDDLE MILE BROADBAND INFRASTRUCTURE PROGRAM AND DIGITAL EQUITY PROGRAM; THEIR RESPECTIVE NOTICE OF FUNDING OPPORTUNITY; AND COUNCIL REVIEW, DISCUSSION, CONSIDERATION AND/OR POSSIBLE ACTION REGARDING SAME (SLIDE AVAILABLE IN TAB 1 AND IN AGENDA POSTED ON THE COUNCIL WEBPAGE:

HTTPS://GOV.TEXAS.GOV/BUSINESS/PAGE/GOVERNORS-BROADBAND-DEVELOPMENT-COUNCIL)

The Council engaged in a discussion with Russ Hanser regarding NTIA's Broadband Equity, Access, And Deployment Program; Enabling Middle Mile Broadband Infrastructure Program and Digital Equity Program; and their respective notice of funding opportunity.

Agenda Item VI.

COMMENTS BY GREG CONTE, DIRECTOR OF THE TEXAS BROADBAND DEVELOPMENT OFFICE, TEXAS COMPTROLLER OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS, PROVIDING AN UPDATE FROM HIS OFFICE AND COUNCIL REVIEW, DISCUSSION, CONSIDERATION AND/OR POSSIBLE ACTION REGARDING SAME

The Council engaged in a discussion with Greg Conte regarding updates of his office's newest developments. Two of the items discussed included the Texas Broadband Plan 2022 that will be available for download on the Texas Broadband Development Office's website beginning June 15, 2022 and the Texas Broadband Listening Tour which stopped in 12 communities to gain Texans' insights about internet access and collect input to develop the state's first broadband plan.

Agenda Item VII.

DISCUSSION AND UPDATE REGARDING COUNCIL PROCEDURES GOING FORWARD (INCLUDING STATUS OF COUNCIL ROSTER AND POSTING OF MEETING RECORDINGS)

The Council and Adriana Cruz, Executive Director of Economic Development and Tourism at the Governor's Office, discussed sharing Council roster information with the Council and that meeting recordings will be made available by way of Public Information Request.

Agenda Item VIII.

DISCUSSION OF THE 2022 ELECTRONIC REPORT DUE TO THE GOVERNOR, THE LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR, AND THE MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE FROM THE COUNCIL UNDER SECTION 490H.007 OF THE TEXAS GOVERNMENT CODE

The Council discussed logistics of putting the report together, including subcommittee membership and allotting enough time in a development timeline for everyone on the Council to consider the final report. OOG staff will assist with developing a timeline.

Agenda Item IX. REVIEW, DISCUSSION, CONSIDERATION AND OR POSSIBLE ACTION ON COUNCIL NEXT STEPS FOR FOLLOWING MEETING(S)

Chairman Lucke shared that the next meeting will be a hybrid in-person/videoconference meeting, planned for July 28, 2022 from 2-4pm in Austin, TX.

Vice Chair Harris shared her and Chair Luke's interest in having more policy conversations going forward.

Agenda Item X. COMMENT WITHOUT DELIBERATION

Public comment may be received on any matter under the Council's jurisdiction without regard to whether the item was posted on the agenda. No public comments were received.

Agenda Item IX.	ADJOURNMENT		
Chairman Lucke calle	ed the meeting to a close	at 3:37 PM.	
County Judge Marty	Lucke, Chair	Date	

TAB

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INTERNET FOR ALL

FUNDED BY THE BIPARTISAN INFRASTRUCTURE LAW
ADMINISTERED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE'S NATIONAL
TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND INFORMATION ADMINISTRATION



JUNE 2022

"We'll make sure every single, every single, American has access to high-quality, affordable, high-speed Internet," Biden said during his speech. "When I say affordable, I mean it. Americans pay too much for Internet service. We're going to drive down the price for families who have service now and make it easier for families who don't have affordable service to be able to get it now."

-PRESIDENT JOE BIDEN

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The Bipartisan Infrastructure Law is a once-in-a-generation investment in infrastructure and competitiveness

Bipartisan Infrastructure Law

- \$1.2T bill passed by Congress and signed into law by President Biden on November 15, 2021
- Largest ever investments in highspeed Internet, rail and transit, clean energy, and water
- Allocated funding to over 350 distinct programs across more than a dozen federal departments and agencies

This historic legislation will:

- Deliver clean water to all families and eliminate the nation's lead service lines.
- Ensure every American has access to affordable, reliable, high-speed Internet
- · Repair and rebuild roads and bridges
- Improve transportation options and reduce greenhouse emissions
- Upgrade our nation's airports and ports to strengthen our supply chains
- Make the largest investment in passenger rail since Amtrak's creation
- Build a national network of electric vehicle chargers
- Upgrade power infrastructure to deliver clean, reliable energy
- Make infrastructure resilient against the impacts of climate change, cyberattacks, and extreme weather events
- Deliver the largest investment in tackling legacy pollution in US history

Please see Build.gov for more details on the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law

INTERNET FOR ALL

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The Bipartisan Infrastructure Law invests ~\$65B to ensure everyone in America has access to high-speed Internet



Goal is to build infrastructure that provides reliable high-speed Internet access to all Americans for today and tomorrow...



...with a focus on making highspeed Internet affordable and reliable so everyone can participate in the economy...



... and providing the resources needed to equitably expand the adoption and use of the Internet so everyone can experience the benefits. Bipartisan Infrastructure Act invests roughly \$65B into high-speed Internet efforts through 7 federal programs:

Administered by NTIA

- Broadband Equity, Access, and Deployment (BEAD) Program (\$42.45B)
- Digital Equity Planning, Capacity and Competitive Grants (\$2.75B)
- Tribal Broadband Connectivity Program (\$2.00B)
- Middle Mile Broadband Infrastructure Program (\$1.0B)

Administered by other federal agencies

- · Affordable Connectivity Program (\$14.2B)
- Rural Broadband Programs at the Department of Agriculture (\$2.0B)
- Private Activity Bonds (\$0.6B)

FOR ALL



High-speed Internet helps individuals and our country

These are some of the ways that high-speed Internet has transformed our world:



Maximizing savings for education

The Internet is not a luxury, it's a necessity. Students are asked to utilize Internet to complete homework assignments, do research, apply to college or trade schools. Students who don't have access in their home are left out and left behind



Stimulating growth in the economy

By connecting the workplace, we can better connect businesses to consumers. And new markets can increase sales and create jobs. High-speed Internet helps American businesses compete for talent and business in the global marketplace.



Lowering costs for health

Telehealth reduces hospital visits and cuts down hospital stay time. Hospitals with high-speed Internet save money because they have lower administration costs. And by offering telehealth, they save money while improving patient health.



Strengthening ties in our community

High-speed Internet connects us to services we need. It helps first responders save lives. It lets us connect with our elected officials. And it strengthens our ties to our neighbors. One in four Americans get online alerts about local issues. And one in five use digital tools to stay in touch with their community. FOR ALL

Affordable, reliable, high-speed Internet has remained elusive for too long



The "digital divide" refers to the gap between those who have access to high-speed Internet and those who have limited or no access, driven by three key barriers



Access

Many Americans live in areas that are not covered by high-speed Internet service providers or where service is not reliable



Affordability

Many American households cannot afford to pay for the costs of devices or monthly service



Adoption and Digital Literacy

Many Americans are not aware of available service offers or lack the digital skills to participate online

This gap is particularly acute for communities of color, Tribal nations, lower-income areas, and both urban and rural communities

Americans require a range of Internet tools and services to maximize the benefits of high-speed Internet access

















Access to affordable, robust highspeed Internet service

Internetenabled devices that meet user

Applications and online content

Access to digital literacy training

Quality technical support

Measures to ensure online privacy & cybersecurity



High-speed Internet is important for full participation in the modern world





Why do we need Internet?

- . Too many Americans have been left out or left behind because they do not have access to affordable, reliable high-speed Internet
- Access to Internet plays a critical and growing role in the ways in which Americans work, play, learn, receive healthcare, participate in democracy, and more

Why do we need it to be fast?

- · Internet speeds are measured by how much data a connection can transfer per second
- . Data goes in two directions, so every Internet connection will have download and upload speeds
- . Downloading or uploading large files with low network speed may take significant time
- · Quality of connection may impact speed of delivery for telemedicine or remote learning

What is broadband?

- "Broadband" refers to always on, high-speed Internet that is faster than traditional dial-up
- . It may use a variety of technologies: fiber-optic, Cable Modem/Hybrid fiber-coaxial, digital subscriber line (DSL), or terrestrial fixed wireless
- · Federal Communications Commission defines broadband Internet as having download speeds of 25 megabits per second (Mbps) and upload speeds of 3 Mbps

INTERNET FOR ALL

High-speed Internet gives people freedom to live, work, and learn what they want, when they want



Students will have opportunities to learn outside the classroom



American small businesses will be able to fully participate in the economy



Patients will have access to telehealth services to improve their health



Americans will be more readily connected to civil services and resources



Business owners will have freedom to sell their goods to a wide range of buyers



Farmers will access agricultural technology and connections needed to help them thrive



Consumers will have more purchasing options



Americans will be able to access a wide variety of entertainment options



Americans will be able to connect to more family, friends, and loved ones



Americans will be able to more easily practice their faith



People will have access to goodpaying jobs and opportunities

> INTERNET FOR ALL

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NTIA will administer ~\$48B through four programs that drive highspeed Internet access, affordability, and adoption



NTIA will administer \sim \$48B of funding from the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law

BEAD

\$42.45B

Broadband Equity, Access & Deployment Program

A program to get all Americans online by funding partnerships between states or territories, communities, and stakeholders to build infrastructure where we need it to and increase adoption of high-speed Internet.

DIGITAL EQUITY

\$2.75B

Digital Equity Act

Three programs that provide funding to promote digital inclusion and advance equity for all. They aim to ensure that all communities can access and use affordable, reliable high-speed Internet to meet their needs and improve their lives.

TRIBAL

\$2.00B

Tribal Connectivity Technical Amendments

A program to help tribal communities expand highspeed Internet access and adoption on tribal lands.

MIDDLE MILE

\$1.00B

Enabling Middle Mile Broadband Infrastructure

A program to expand middle mile infrastructure, to reduce the cost of connecting unserved and underserved areas.

FCC to administer \$14.2B

For Affordable Connectivity Program, which replaced the EBB program

USDA to administer \$2.0B

Via the Rural Utilities Service

Private Activity Bonds \$0.6B

Authorizes State and local governments to use private activity bonds for rural broadband

> INTERNET FOR ALL

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